## Examples of EPA approved narrative flow criteria language in state water quality standards

Eleven states had adopted hydrologic (i.e., flow) criteria in their WQS: New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont, New York, Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Louisiana, Missouri, and Oregon, and California (various flow-related provisions are included in the Bay-Delta Water Quality Control Plan).

State/Tribe	Narrative Language in Flow Criteria
New Hampshire	"surface water quantity shall be maintained at levels adequate to protect
	existing and designated uses"
Rhode Island	"quantity for protection of fish and wildlifeadequate to protect
	designated uses"
	"For activities that will likely cause or contribute to flow alterations,
	streamflow conditions must be adequate to support <b>existing and designated uses.</b> "
Vermont	Class A(1)- Changes from <b>natural flow regime</b> shall not cause the natural flow
	regime to be diminished, in aggregate, by more than 5% 7Q10 at any time;
	Class B WMT 1 Waters - Changes from the <b>natural flow regime</b> , in aggregate,
	shall not result in <b>natural flows</b> being diminished by more than a minimal
	amount provided that <b>all uses</b> are fully supported; and when flows are equal
	to or less than 7Q10, by not more than 5% of 7Q10.
	Class A(2) Waters and Class B Waters other than WMT1 - Any change from
	the <b>natural flow regime</b> shall provide for maintenance of flow characteristics
	that ensure the <b>full support of uses</b> and comply with the applicable water
	quality criteria.
New York	For both Class N fresh surface waters and Class AA(S) fresh surface waters
	"There shall be <b>no alteration to flow</b> that will impair the waters for their <b>best</b>
	usages."
Virginia	"Man-made alterations in stream flow shall not contravene designated uses
	including protection of the propagation and growth of aquatic life."
Kentucky	"Aquatic Life. (1) Warm water aquatic habitat. The following parameters and
	associated criteria shall apply for the protection of productive warm water
	aquatic communities, fowl, animal wildlife, arboreous growth, agricultural,
	and industrial uses:(c) <b>Flow</b> shall not be altered to a degree which will
	adversely affect the aquatic community."
Tennessee	Criteria for Water Uses
	"(3) Fish and Aquatic Life (n) Habitat- The quality of stream habitat shall
	provide for the development of a diverse aquatic community that meets
	regionally-based biological integrity goals. Types of habitat loss include, but
	are not limited to: channel and substrate alterations stream <b>flow</b> changes
	For wadeable streams, the instream habitat within each subecoregion shall
	be generally similar to that found at <b>reference streams</b> . However, streams
	shall not be assessed as impacted by habitat loss if it has been demonstrated
	that the biological integrity goal has been met. (o) Flow- Stream or other

	waterbody flows shall support the fish and aquatic life criteria."  "(4) Recreational. (m) Flow- Stream flows shall support recreational uses."
Missouri	"Waters shall be free from physical, chemical, or <b>hydrologic changes</b> that
1411330011	would impair the natural biological community."
	would impair the natural biological community.
Seminole Tribe of	"Class 2-A waters shall be free from activitiesthatImpair the <b>biological</b>
FL	community as it naturally occurs due tohydrologic changes"
Mole Lake Band	"prohibitedhuman induced changes to area hydrology that alter natural
of the Lake	ambient conditionssuch asflow, stage Natural daily fluctuations of
Superior Tribe of	flow, stage shall be maintained."
Chippewa	
Indians	
Bad River Band	"Water quantity and quality that may limit the growth and propagation of, or
of the Lake	otherwise cause or contribute to an adverse effect to wild rice, wildlife, and
Superior Tribe of	other flora and fauna of cultural importance to the Tribe shall be prohibited.
Chippewa	
Indians	"Natural hydrological conditions supportive of the natural biological
	community, including all flora and fauna, and physical characteristics
	naturally present in the waterbody shall be protected to prevent any adverse
	effects."
	"Pollutants or human-induced changes to waters, the sediments of waters, or
	area hydrology that results in changes to the natural biological communities
	and wildlife habitat shall be prohibited. The migration of fish and other
	aquatic biota normally present shall not be hindered. Natural daily and
	seasonal fluctuations of flow (including naturally occurring seiche), level,
	stage, dissolved oxygen, pH, and temperature shall be maintained."

## See EPA website for full text of specific criteria:

 $\underline{\text{http://water.epa.gov/scitech/swguidance/standards/wqslibrary/index.cfm}}$